Clinical Policy: Heart-Lung Transplant
Reference Number: CP.MP.132
Effective Date: 06/17
Last Review Date: 06/17

Coding Implications
Revision Log

See Important Reminder at the end of this policy for important regulatory and legal information.

Description
Heart-lung transplantation is treatment of choice for patients with both end-stage heart and end-stage lung disease. This policy establishes the medical necessity requirements heart-lung transplants.

Policy/Criteria
I. It is the policy of health plans affiliated with Centene Corporation® that heart-lung transplant is medically necessary for members who meet all of the following guidelines:
   A. End-stage heart and end-stage lung disease due to one of the following:
      1. Age > 18 years and any of the following:
         a. Irreversible primary pulmonary hypertension with heart failure;
         b. Nonspecific severe pulmonary fibrosis;
         c. Eisenmenger complex with irreversible pulmonary hypertension and heart failure;
         d. Cystic fibrosis with severe heart failure;
         e. Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease with heart failure;
         f. Emphysema with severe heart failure;
         g. Pulmonary fibrosis with uncontrollable pulmonary hypertension or heart failure;
         h. Non-complex congenital heart disease associated with pulmonary hypertension that is not amenable to lung transplantation and repair by standard surgery;
         i. Severe coronary artery disease or cardiomyopathy with irreversible pulmonary hypertension;
      2. Age ≤ 18 years and any of the following:
         a. Eisenmenger syndrome;
         b. Heart re-transplant;
         c. Alpha 1 antitrypsin deficiency;
         d. Lung re-transplant;
         e. Alveolar proteinosis;
         f. Primary pulmonary hypertension;
         g. Pulmonary vascular disease;
         h. Restrictive cardiomyopathy;
         i. Congenital heart disease;
         j. Cystic fibrosis;
         k. Dilated cardiomyopathy;
   B. Meets the following disease severity criteria:
      1. Meets one of the following staging criteria:
         a. Age > 18 years: New York Heart Association classification of heart failure III or IV (Table 1); or
b. Age ≤ 18 years: American Heart Association Stage C or Stage D heart disease, (Table 2);
2. Adequate functional status with the ability for rehabilitation;
3. Life expectancy in the absence of cardiopulmonary disease ≥ 2 years;

C. Does not have any of the following contraindications:
1. HIV and any of the following:
   a. Active or prior opportunistic infections (progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy or chronic intestinal cryptosporidiosis > 1 month);
   b. Has not been clinically stable and compliant on combination antiretroviral therapy for > 3 months;
   c. Detectable HIV RNA;
   d. Has not had CD4 counts > 200 cells/μl for >3 months;
2. History of psychological, behavioral, or cognitive disorders, poor family support structures, or documented noncompliance with previous therapies that could interfere with successful performance of care regimens after transplantation;
3. Severe, irreversible disease in other organ systems or when it is part of a severe, irreversible, multisystemic disease process;
4. Severe, irreversible, fixed elevation of pulmonary vascular resistance;
5. Severe hypoplasia of the central branch pulmonary arteries or pulmonary veins;
6. Any specific congenital heart lesion;
7. Retransplantation should not be performed during an episode of ongoing acute allograft rejection, even in the presence of graft vasculopathy;
8. Retransplantation when performed during the first 6 months after primary transplantation;
9. Malignancy in the past two years, except for non-melanoma localized skin cancer that has been treated appropriately;
10. Uncorrected atherosclerotic disease with suspected or confirmed end-organ ischemia or dysfunction and/or coronary artery disease not amenable to revascularization;
11. Acute medical instability, including, but not limited to, acute sepsis, myocardial infarction, and liver failure;
12. Uncorrectable bleeding diathesis;
13. Chronic infection with highly virulent and/or resistant microbes that are poorly controlled pre-transplant;
14. Evidence of active Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection;
15. Significant chest wall/spinal deformity expected to cause severe restriction after transplantation;
16. Class II or III obesity (body mass index ≥35.0 kg/m²);
17. Current non-adherence to medical therapy or a history of repeated or prolonged episodes of non-adherence to medical therapy that are perceived to increase the risk of non-adherence after transplantation;
18. Substance abuse or dependence (including tobacco and alcohol) without convincing evidence of risk reduction behaviors, such as meaningful and/or long-term participation in therapy for substance abuse and/or dependence. Serial blood and urine testing may be used to verify abstinence from substances that are of concern.

Table 1: NYHA Classifications of Heart Failure
Heart-Lung Transplant

Table 2: Heart Failure Stages in Pediatric Heart Disease

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Characteristics</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>At high risk for developing heart failure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Abnormal cardiac structure and/or function; no symptoms of heart failure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Abnormal cardiac structure and/or function; Past or present symptoms of heart failure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>Abnormal structure and/or function; continuous infusion of intravenous inotropes or prostaglandin E₁ to maintain of a ductus arteriosus; mechanical ventilatory and/or mechanical circulatory support</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

*Note:  Heart lung transplantations may be considered medically necessary for other congenital cardiopulmonary anomalies as determined upon individual case review.

Background

Heart-lung transplantation is a strong surgical option for selected patients with simultaneous end-stage heart failure and end-stage lung disease. However, due to a shortage of suitable donors, it is a rare procedure. Only about one hundred such transplants are performed each year in the USA. The 2016 International Society for Heart Lung Transplantation provides listing criteria and best practice recommendations for heart-lung transplants.¹

The one and five-year survival rates are reported, respectively, at 59.1% and 88.2% for patients with hypertension, 26.8% and 70.4% for patients with hyperlipidemia, and 18% and 28.9% for patients with diabetes.²

Spahr et al discusses the pediatric indications and outcomes for heart-lung transplantations and reports that primary pulmonary hypertension, congenital heart disease, and Eisenmenger’s syndrome, with a penetrance at 29%, 20% and 16%, respectively, are most common indications for heart lung transplants in children.³ Since 1988, 188 pediatric heart lung transplants have been reported. Of these procedures, 16 have been performed at < 1 year of age, 52 procedures for patients 1-5 years of age, 28 procedures for patients 6-10 years of age, 92 procedures for patients
11-17 years of age. Of note, outcomes for heart lung transplants are largely dependent on the success on the lung graft.

**Coding Implications**
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CPT® Codes</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>33930</td>
<td>Donor cardiectomy-pneumonectomy, with preparation and maintenance of allograft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33933</td>
<td>Backbench standard preparation of cadaver donor heart/lung allograft prior to transplantation, including dissection of allograft from surrounding soft tissues to prepare aorta, superior vena cava, inferior vena cava, and trachea for implantation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33935</td>
<td>Heart-lung transplant with recipient cardiectomy-pneumonectomy</td>
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<tr>
<th>HCPCS Codes</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tr>
<td>S2152</td>
<td>Solid organ(s), complete or segmental, single organ or combination of organs; deceased or living donor(s), procurement, transplantation, and related complications including: drugs; supplies; hospitalization with outpatient follow-up; medical/surgical, diagnostic, emergency, and rehabilitative services; and the number of days of pre- and post-transplant care in the global definition</td>
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**ICD-10-CM Diagnosis Codes that Support Coverage Criteria**

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<tr>
<th>ICD-10-CM Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tr>
<td>D86.0-D86.89</td>
<td>Sarcoidosis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E84.0-E84.9</td>
<td>Cystic fibrosis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I27.0-I27.9</td>
<td>Other pulmonary heart diseases</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I42.0-I43</td>
<td>Cardiomyopathy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J47.9 J44.0-</td>
<td>Bronchiectasis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J44.0-J44.9</td>
<td>Other chronic obstructive pulmonary disease</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J84.1Ø</td>
<td>Pulmonary fibrosis, unspecified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M32.9</td>
<td>Systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Q33.0-Q33.9</td>
<td>Congenital malformations of lung</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Q34.9</td>
<td>Congenital malformations of respiratory system</td>
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</tbody>
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**Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals**

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Approval Date</th>
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# Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals

| New policy. | 06/17 | 06/17 |

## References


## Important Reminder

This clinical policy has been developed by appropriately experienced and licensed health care professionals based on a review and consideration of currently available generally accepted standards of medical practice; peer-reviewed medical literature; government agency/program approval status; evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations; views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas affected by this clinical policy; and other available clinical information. The Health Plan makes no representations and accepts no liability with respect to the content of any external information used or relied upon in developing this clinical policy. This clinical policy is consistent with standards of medical practice current at the time that this clinical policy was approved. “Health Plan” means a health plan that has adopted this clinical policy and that is operated or administered, in whole or in part, by Centene Management Company, LLC, or any of such health plan’s affiliates, as applicable.

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This clinical policy does not constitute medical advice, medical treatment or medical care. It is not intended to dictate to providers how to practice medicine. Providers are expected to exercise professional medical judgment in providing the most appropriate care, and are solely responsible for the medical advice and treatment of members. This clinical policy is not intended to recommend treatment for members. Members should consult with their treating physician in connection with diagnosis and treatment decisions.

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Note: For Medicaid members, when state Medicaid coverage provisions conflict with the coverage provisions in this clinical policy, state Medicaid coverage provisions take precedence. Please refer to the state Medicaid manual for any coverage provisions pertaining to this clinical policy.

Note: For Medicare members, to ensure consistency with the Medicare National Coverage Determinations (NCD) and Local Coverage Determinations (LCD), all applicable NCDs, LCDs, and Medicare Coverage Articles should be reviewed prior to applying the criteria set forth in this clinical policy. Refer to the CMS website at http://www.cms.gov for additional information.

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